



TYPE 6J5G SUPER TRIODE AMPLIFIER

Svlvania

DETECTOR

CHARACTERISTICS

Heater Voltage AC or Heater Current	DO		٠,	 ٠,	ď					Volts Ampere	
Discot Intension		4 -		 			 9	300	0.10	and a	

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

Grid to F	late					191		2.0							3.4	μμί
Input .		0		9	3	200	- 3	6	100		172	-			3.8	μμf
Output							8			- 0					3.3	μμf
Maximum	Over	-all	Le	ngt	h					- 0			-			41/4"
Maximum				0									Ċ			1 9 "
Bulb					0.00		1		-	- 0			- 0	1000		ST-12
Base-Sma	11 Oc	tal	7-1	Pin	15		<		-	- 6						6-Q

Operating Conditions and Characteristics:

					ADD						
Heater Voltage				à		100				6.3	Volts
Plate Voltage	32								15	250	Volts
Grid Voltage		. /								-8	Volts
Plate Current									14	9.0	Ma.
Plate Resistanc	e						-	100		7700	Ohms (Approx.)
Mutual Conduc	tar	ice			. 1					2600	μmhos (Approx.)
Amplification F	act	or	4	- 6						20	

CIRCUIT APPLICATION

Sylvania 6J5G is a new glass tube equipped with a 7-Pin octal base. Pin No. 4 is also present but not utilized. Although this tube has the same amplification factor as Types 6C5 and 6C5G the mutual conductance has been substantially increased with corresponding reduction in plate impedance. The output capacity is approximately one-third that of Type 6C5 and the tube design is such that the 6J5G should be especially applicable in ultra high frequency equipment.

Type 6J5G is a general purpose amplifier triode and may be used in circuits of conventional design as an amplifier, detector, or oscillator tube. In general, the applications and operating conditions will parallel those for such tubes as Types 76, 37, 6C5 and

6C5G.